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Economic & Philosophical Manuscripts of 1844

Marx and Engels: The Revolutionary and Theorist

Marx was expelled from Paris in 1845 and returned to the German city of Bonn to live with his wife. They then moved to Brussels, Belgium, where Marx began writing his first major work, The German Ideology. This work, along with his later work, The Communist Manifesto, formed the basis of Marx's political and economic theories.

Marx's theories were based on the idea that history is driven by class struggle, with the working class (proletariat) oppressing the middle and upper classes (bourgeoisie). He believed that the capitalist system was inherently unequal and that this inequality led to social alienation.

Marx argued that the ultimate goal of history was the establishment of a classless society, where all people would be equal and free from the exploitation of others. He believed that this could only be achieved through a revolution that overthrew the existing system and created a new world order.

Marx's ideas were influential in the development of communism and socialism, and his works continue to be studied and debated today.